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Code No. : 13312 S

## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD B.E. (EEE: CBCS) III-Semester Supplementary Examinations, June-2019

## **Electromagnetic Field Theory**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

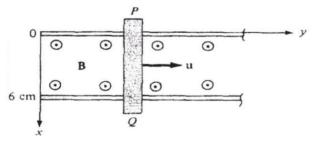
Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

## Part-A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. State Coloumb's Law.
- 2. Find the total charge inside the volume  $\rho_v = \rho_0/r C/m^3$  enclosed in a sphere of radius r=3 units.
- 3. A vector field  $\mathbf{E}=\mathbf{y}\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{y}}+\mathbf{x}\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{x}}$ . Verify whether E represents an electrostatic field or not.
- Write the two Maxwell's equations for electrostatic fields.
- 5. If the vector  $\mathbf{B}=\mathbf{x}^2\mathbf{a}_x-\mathbf{x}\mathbf{y}\mathbf{a}_y-\mathbf{K}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{z}\mathbf{a}_z$  represents a magnetic field. Find the value of the constant K.
- 6. Magnetic field intensity  $H=3a_x+7ya_y+2xa_z$  A/m. Evaluate conduction current.
- 7. State Poynting Theorem and write its mathematical form.
- 8. Find the Conduction and Displacement current densities in a material having conductivity of  $10^{-3}$  S/m and  $\varepsilon_r=2.5$  if the electric field in the material is  $\mathbf{E}=5\times10^{-6}\sin9\times10^{9}$ t V/m.
- 9. Explain the significance of insertion loss.
- 10. Define the term electromagnetic compatibility.

## Part-B $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

- 11. a) A charge  $Q_2=10\mu$ C located at appoint  $P_2(0,1,2)$  and another charge  $Q_1=50\mu$ C located at a point  $P_1(1,0,2)$  [5] in free space. Find the Force on  $Q_2$ .
  - b) Derive Maxwell's second equation for electrostatic fields.
- 12. a) Find the potential and volume charge density at (1,2,3) in free space for given potential field [4]
  V=4yz/x<sup>2</sup>+1.
  - b) Obtain the conductor-dielectric boundary conditions for an interface in static electric field.
- 13. a) Deduce an expression for inductance of a coaxial cable using Ampere's law.
  - b) The point charge Q=18 nC has a velocity of 5×10<sup>6</sup> m/s in the direction a<sub>v</sub>=0.04a<sub>x</sub>-0.05a<sub>y</sub>+0.2a<sub>z</sub>. Calculate [4] the magnitude of force exerted on the charge be the field (i)B=-3a<sub>x</sub>+4a<sub>y</sub>+6a<sub>z</sub> mT (ii) E=-3a<sub>x</sub>+4a<sub>y</sub>+6a<sub>z</sub> kV/m (iii) B and E acting together.
- 14. a) A conduction bar can slide freely over two conducting rails as shown in figure. Calculate the induced [3] voltage in the bar if the bar slides at a velocity of  $\mathbf{u}=5\mathbf{a}_y$  m/s and  $\mathbf{B}=20\mathbf{a}_z$  mT.



- b) Derive the expression for three dimensional wave equation.
- 15. a) Discuss in detail grounding method to control EMI.
- b) Explain the importance of achieving Electromagnetic compatibility.
- 16. a) Prove that potential between points A and B is independent of the path taken between the points A and B. [3]
- b) Prove that electric field intensity on either side of the parallel plates is zero. [5]
- 17. Answer any *two* of the following:
  - a) Force between two current carrying conductors carrying current in the same direction.
  - b) A plane electromagnetic wave travelling in the positive z direction in an unbounded lossless dielectric [4] medium with  $\mu_r$ =1 and  $\epsilon_r$ =3 has peak electric intensity E of 16 V/m. Find i) velocity ii)  $\eta$  iii) H iv) Poynting Vector.
  - c) List the Sources of Electro Magnetic Interference.

[4]

[4]

[5]

[4]

[4]

[3]

[4]

[4]